國學院大學学術情報リポジトリ

International Research Forum : Religious Cultures in Asia : Mutual Transformations through Multiple Modernities

メタデータ	言語: English
	出版者:
	公開日: 2025-05-12
	キーワード (Ja): 宗教史.各国の宗教, NDC8:162.2
	キーワード (En):
	作成者: 國學院大學研究開発推進機構日本文化研究所
	メールアドレス:
	所属:
URL	https://doi.org/10.57529/0002001623

The Inculturation of Tenrikyo in Postwar Taiwan [*abstract]

HUANG Yueh-Po [Academia Sinica, Taiwan]

Abstract

This paper will explore how the religious practices of a Japanese new religious movement (known as Tenrikyo) have played a prominent part in the establishment and propagation of that religious organization in postwar Taiwan. The author will focus on the development of Tenrikyo in both urban and rural areas of Taiwan, in which Tenrikyo's local churches are established, and will ask the Tenrikyo adherents what has been done to propagate the movement and why. Since 1967, Tenrikyo has been officially undertaking missionary activities in Taiwan, dedicating itself to increasing the well-being of the Taiwanese populace through the promotion of religious teachings and practices such as Mikagura-uta (ritual performance or 'Songs for the Service'), Sazuke (ritual Healing or 'Divine Grant') and Ojibagaeri (pilgrimage or 'Return Home'). The author locates Tenrikyo's scheme within the framework of Taiwanese-Japanese relations in the postwar era. In addition, the author argues that certain of Tenrikyo's practices appeal to the Taiwanese mindset, empowering the political, social, and medical aspects of Taiwanese adherents. The author then advances to a more widely theoretical consideration by discussing how Tenrikyo's practices have become a force for enabling Taiwanese people to accommodate themselves to the changing world.